



**Injuries:** 

1 Serious, 1 None

# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: Pecos, Texas Accident Number: CEN25LA237

Date & Time: July 4, 2025, 11:30 Local Registration: N992TP

Aircraft: ROBINSON HELICOPTER Aircraft Damage: Substantial

COMPANY R44 II

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Loss of control in flight

#### **Analysis**

**Defining Event:** 

The student helicopter pilot stated that during a personal flight, he and a pilot departed the airport, flew to a ranch and returned. The pilot did not hold a flight instructor certificate. Upon return, they flew to the airport fuel facility to obtain fuel. A witness stated that the student pilot told him he was manipulating the flight controls at the time of the accident during a hover taxi and due to gusty wind conditions and not being comfortable, he transferred the flight controls to the pilot. The student pilot stated as the helicopter nearly touched down in front of the fuel facility, a big gust of wind, presumably a whirlwind, shot the helicopter straight up about 20-25 ft, and the helicopter did a quick 360° turn and rolled left before it came crashing down. The helicopter sustained substantial damage to the tail rotor, fuselage, and main rotor. The student pilot stated there were no mechanical malfunctions or failures of the helicopter that would have precluded normal operation.

#### **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

The pilot's failure to maintain aircraft control during gusty wind conditions.

### **Findings**

Personnel issues	Aircraft control - Pilot
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Aircraft (general) - Not attained/maintained

Personnel issues Decision making/judgment - Pilot

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# **Factual Information**

# **History of Flight**

Loss of Control III flight (Defining event)	Maneuvering-hover	Loss of control in flight (Defining event)
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#### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Private	Age:	73,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Helicopter	Restraint Used:	Unknown
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	Yes
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	
Medical Certification:	Class 3 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	February 1, 2019
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	October 10, 2017
Flight Time:	(Estimated)		

### **Student pilot Information**

Certificate:	Private	Age:	52,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Right
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	Unknown
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	Yes
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	
Medical Certification:	Class 3 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	July 3, 2025
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	February 7, 2019
Flight Time:	209 hours (Total, all aircraft), 31 hours (Total, this make and model), 103 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 31 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 6 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 3 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

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# **Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information**

ROBINSON HELICOPTER COMPANY	Registration:	N992TP
R44 II	Aircraft Category:	Helicopter
2017	Amateur Built:	
Normal	Serial Number:	14089
None; Skid	Seats:	4
April 15, 2025 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2500 lbs
	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
664.03 Hrs as of last inspection	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming Engines
C91 installed	Engine Model/Series:	IO-540-AE1A5
On file	Rated Power:	235 Horsepower
On file	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
	COMPANY R44 II 2017 Normal None; Skid April 15, 2025 Annual  664.03 Hrs as of last inspection C91 installed On file	R44 II Aircraft Category:  2017 Amateur Built:  Normal Serial Number:  None; Skid Seats:  April 15, 2025 Annual Certified Max Gross Wt.:  Engines:  664.03 Hrs as of last inspection  C91 installed Engine Model/Series:  On file Rated Power:  On file Operating Certificate(s)

# Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	E01,2615 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	33 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	10:55 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	69°
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>	Clear	Visibility	9 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	3 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	None / None
Wind Direction:		Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	N/A / N/A
Altimeter Setting:		Temperature/Dew Point:	28°C / 23°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	Pecos, TX (PEQ)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Pecos, TX (PEQ)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	08:30 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

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# **Airport Information**

Airport:	Pecos Municipal Airport PEQ	Runway Surface Type:	
Airport Elevation:	2613 ft msl	<b>Runway Surface Condition:</b>	Dry
Runway Used:		IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	Full stop

# Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 Serious, 1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:		Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 Serious, 1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	31.382389,-103.51072(est)

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#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Gallo, Mitchell
Additional Participating Persons:	Jason Wilson; Federal Aviation Administration, Lubbock FSDO; Lubbock, TX
Original Publish Date:	October 9, 2025
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	Class 4
Note:	The NTSB did not travel to the scene of this accident.
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=200475

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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